AKZO NOBEL (CPS) PENSION SCHEME

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

PENSION SCHEME REFERENCE NUMBER: 10161703

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YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

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TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Principal Employer

Akzo Nobel UK Ltd

The AkzoNobel Building

Wexham Road

Slough SL2 5DS

Trustee

Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Trustee Ltd

Trustee Directors

Mr R Waterbury (Chairman) (pensioner member) *^
Mr R Dickinson-Deane (active member) (reappointed on

30 November 2016)

Mr P Brennan (active member)
Ms J Shannon (pensioner member) +^
Mr J Bradley (pensioner member) *
Mr G Marsh (pensioner member) ^

Mr J Gill (active member) (resigned 11 August 2016)
The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation p.l.c *^+

*Investment committee member ^Valuation committee member +Administration committee member

Secretary to the Trustee

Mr M Trueblood

4th Floor.

101 Finsbury Pavement

London EC2A 1RS

Administrator

Towers Watson Limited

PO Box 545 Redhill Surrey RH1 1YX

Actuary

Mr G Oxtoby F.I.A

Towers Watson Limited

Watson House London Road Reigate Surrey RH2 9PQ

Independent auditor

KPMG LLP (from 31 March 2017)

1 Sovereign Square Sovereign Street

Leeds LS1 4OA

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (until 31 March 2017)

7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Legal advisers Travers Smith LLP

10 Snow Hill London EC1A 2AL

Investment consultants Towers Watson Limited

Investment managers BlackRock Investment Advisors (UK) Limited

Henderson Global Investors Limited Rogge Global Partners Plc (until May 2016)

Artemis Investment Management Ltd CB Richard Ellis Global Investors LLC IronBridge Capital Partners LLP

Legal & General Investment Management Limited

Nephila Capital Limited

Bluebay Asset Management LLP

Franklin Templeton Investment Management Ltd Bain Capital Credit (formerly Sankaty Advisors LLC)

Macquarie Group Limited

Genesis Investment Management LLP Equitix Investment Management Limited

Alcentra Limited

Alpha Real Capital LLP (from 20 December 2016)

Investment custodians The Northern Trust Company

AVC providers The Equitable Life Assurance Society

The Standard Life Assurance Company
The Prudential Assurance Company Limited

Scottish Friendly Assurance (formerly MGM Assurance)

Friends Life Pensions Limited

Phoenix Alba Life

Longevity insurer ReAssure Limited

Bankers Barclays Bank Pic

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Introduction

The Trustee Directors ("the Trustee") of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme ("the Scheme") present their annual report together with the actuarial certification of the schedule of contributions and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Management of the Scheme

The Scheme is governed by the Trustee who is required to act in accordance with the Trust Deed and the Scheme Rules dated 5 April 1997 as amended by subsequent Deeds of Amendment, within the framework of pension and trust law.

The Scheme is a Defined Benefit pension scheme, registered for tax purposes under the terms of the Finance Act 2004. To the Trustee's knowledge there is no reason why such approval should be prejudiced or withdrawn. The Scheme was contracted out of the State Second Pension under a certificate issued by the Contributions Agency up to 5 April 2016.

Trustee

The Trustee is responsible for the administration and investment policy of the Scheme. The Trustee meets regularly and during this Scheme year met on 6 occasions. In addition, the investment committee met on a further 6 occasions and the administration committee on 5 occasions.

The Scheme rules contain provisions for the appointment and removal of Trustee Directors. The Trustee Board at full strength comprises the Chairman, two Trustee Directors nominated by the contributing members of the Scheme, two Trustee Directors nominated from the pensioner and deferred pensioner groups, three appointed by the Employer and one independent Trustee Director (The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation p.l.c.). The names of the current Trustee Directors are included at the front of this report.

Employer-appointed Trustee Directors are selected by the Employer, while member nominated Trustee Directors are selected by a panel of existing Trustee Directors from candidates nominated by members and generally serve for a 5-year term. The Employer has the power to appoint and remove the corporate trustee.

The member-nominated Trustee Directors are Geoff Marsh, Russell Dickinson-Deane, Paul Brennan and Jon Bradley.

The employer-appointed Trustee Directors are Richard Waterbury and Julie Shannon.

Scheme advisers

There are written agreements in place between the Trustee and each of the Scheme advisers listed on pages 1 to 2 of these financial statements and also with the Principal Employer.

During the year, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP resigned from their position as Scheme Auditor. In their statement on leaving office, they noted no circumstances connected with their resignation which, in their opinion, significantly affected the interests of the members of, or beneficiaries under, the Scheme. KPMG LLP were appointed as Scheme Auditor on 31 March 2017.

Data Protection

The administrators and investment managers have registered under the Data Protection Act to hold on computer information necessary for the management of the Pension Scheme.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Changes to the Scheme

There were no significant changes to the Scheme Rules during the year.

Statement of Trustee's responsibilities

Trustee's responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The audited financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"), are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require the Trustee to make available to Scheme members, beneficiaries and certain other parties, audited financial statements for each Scheme year which:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and
 of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of its assets and liabilities, other than
 liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year;
- contain the information specified in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes".

The Trustee have supervised the preparation of the financial statements and have agreed suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis. Trustee is also responsible for making available each year, commonly in the form of a Trustee's annual report, information about the Scheme prescribed by pensions legislation, which they should ensure is consistent with the financial statements it accompanies.

The Trustee also have certain responsibilities in respect of contributions which are set out below.

The Trustee also have a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of appropriate internal controls.

Trustee's responsibilities in respect of contributions

The Scheme's Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a Schedule of Contributions showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid. The Scheme's Trustee is also responsible for keeping records of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme and for procuring that contributions are made to the Scheme in accordance with the schedule.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Membership

The changes in membership during the year are as follows:

		•	
Active members	Deferred members	and	Total
511	8,579	19,048	28,138
(4)	23	13	32
(19)	(347)	366	_
(21)	21	_	-
	(25)	(942)	(967)
_		253	253
_	(202)	(26)	(228)
	(63)	_	(63)
467	7,986	18,712	27,165
	members 511 (4) (19) (21)	members members 511 8,579 (4) 23 (19) (347) (21) 21 - (25) (202) - (63)	members members dependants 511 8,579 19,048 (4) 23 13 (19) (347) 366 (21) 21 - - (25) (942) - 253 - (202) (26) - (63) -

In addition to the above there are 363 (2016: 386) contingent deferred pensioners and 5,284 (2016: 5,825) deferred pensioners due only a lump sum payment from the Scheme on retirement.

At the year end there were 4,787 (2016: 4,899) spouse and dependant beneficiaries that are included within pensioners, spouses and dependants above.

The adjustment to the opening membership has arisen due to the late notification of member movements and data cleansing.

Pension increases

Pensions on the greater (post-1999) part of members' benefits in excess of the Guaranteed Minimum Pension for the main CPS benefit section were increased in the last 3 years as follows:

6 April 2015	1.2%
6 April 2016	0.0%
6 April 2017	1.0%

For most of the annual increases made, the CPS Section uses a reference period of the September prior to the increase date, and the increase is based on CPI. The minimum increase during the year was 1.0% and the maximum increase during the year was 2.0%.

Pensions in the other benefit sections mainly use a reference period of the January prior to the increase date for pensions in excess of GMP and are based on RPI. GMPs are increased using CPI for the September prior to the increase date.

There were no discretionary pension increases.

Transfer Payments

Transfer payments paid during the year have been calculated and verified in the manner prescribed by legislation. Transfer payments do not include any allowance for discretionary benefits.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Actuarial Valuation

As required by Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), the financial statements do not include liabilities in respect of promised retirement benefits.

The last full actuarial valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 31 March 2015 and revealed a deficit of £84 million which equated to a funding level of 97% (taking into account the existence of the escrow account created for the benefit of the Scheme in 2007).

The funding level increased from 92% in 2012 to 97% in 2015 mainly due to the payment of deficit repair contributions since 2012.

The Trustee and the Employer have agreed a recovery plan such that:

- the Employer will pay additional contributions of £21 million a year for four years 2016 2019 inclusive, with first payment payable by 31 March 2016 and the last contribution payable by 31 March 2019, plus a final deficiency contribution of £13 million payable by 31 March 2020.
- transfers from the existing escrow account into the Scheme of £25 million each year (or the
 maximum amount on which the Employer can receive tax relief if higher) for 2016 and 2017. Any
 balance in the escrow account in March 2017 will then be paid into the Scheme (subject to the
 payment ceiling). The remaining balance in the escrow account of £46 million was paid into the
 Scheme in February 2017.

The next full actuarial valuation of the Scheme was due to be carried out as at 31 March 2018, but the Trustee and Principal Employer have agreed to bring the valuation date forward to 31 March 2017.

Akzo Nobel NV has given a legal commitment to support the Scheme should any of the participating companies be unable to fulfil their obligations, subject to certain limitations and conditions.

Report on Actuarial Liabilities

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, occupational pension schemes with defined benefit liabilities are subject to the "Statutory Funding Objective", which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. The technical provisions represent the present value of the benefits to which members are entitled based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, which is available to Scheme members on request.

The most recent full actuarial valuation of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme was carried out as at 31 March 2015. This showed that on that date:

The value of the Technical Provisions was:

£3,076 million

The value of the assets at that date was:

£2,992 million

The asset value includes the escrow account.

The method and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the technical provisions are as follows (all assumptions adopted are set out in the Statement of Funding Principles):

Method

The actuarial method to be used in the calculation of the technical provisions is the Projected Unit Method.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Significant actuarial assumptions

Discount interest rate: term dependent rates set by reference to the index linked gilt curve (as derived from Bank of England data) at the valuation date plus the RPI assumption of 3.2% per annum plus a margin which reduces over 20 years, starting from 1.7% per annum in 2016 to 0.5% per annum from 2036 onwards.

Future Retail Price Index (RPI) inflation: 3.2% per annum.

Future Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation: 2.2% per annum.

Pension increases: derived from the RPI and CPI assumptions allowing for the caps and the floors on pension increases according to the provisions in the Scheme's rules.

Pay increases: general pay increases of 4.2% per annum plus a promotional scale.

Mortality - base tables: for the period in retirement:

- standard tables S2PMA with a scaling factor of 97% for male CPS active and pensioner members and all widowers; 99% for male ex-UK active and pensioner members and all male deferred members;
- standard tables S2PFA with a scaling factor of 94% for all female members; and
- standard tables S2DFA with a scaling factor of 98% for all widows.

Mortality - future improvements: in line with the CMI 2014 core projection model from 2007 onwards with an assumed long term mortality improvement trend of 1.5% per annum.

The financial statements included in this annual report are the accounts required by the Pensions Act 1995. They have been prepared and audited in compliance with regulations made under sections 41(1) and (6) of that Act.

Investment management

Investment managers

The Investment Managers appointed on behalf of the Trustee to manage funds under section 34(4) of the Pensions Act 1995 are appropriately authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 to manage investments or are specifically exempted from the requirements of the Act. The investment managers appointed have the appropriate knowledge and experience necessary to manage the particular investments delegated.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Investment Objective

The Trustee's objective is the acquisition of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity which will generate income and capital growth to meet, together with new contributions from members and the employers, the cost of current and future benefits which the Scheme provides.

The Trustee has considered the results of asset liability modelling studies and set out a long-term strategic asset allocation, which is designed to achieve the above objective. Having considered advice from the Investment Consultant, Towers Watson Limited, the Trustee has delegated the day to day management of the Scheme's assets to external investment managers.

The Statement of Investment Principles as required by section 35 of the Pension Act 1995 is available on request from the contact address on page 10.

The Trustee determines the broad investment strategy to be adopted by the appointed managers and sets a benchmark for each manager relevant to that strategy. Following the 2015 actuarial valuation, the Trustee is targeting an investment return on its assets of gilts +1.7% p.a. decreasing to gilts +0.5% over a 20 year period from 2016. The asset allocation as at 31 March 2017 is provided below.

	Proportion	Value
	as at	as at
	31/03/2017	31/03/2017
Asset Class	%	£m
Equities	21	742
Property	8	289
Reinsurance securities fund	4	131
Multi-strategy credit	4	156
LDI portfolio	39	1,365
Corporate bonds	16	510
CLO debt	3	104
Secure income assets	2	61
Cash deposits, derivatives and other pending investments	3	103
Total		3,461

The above figures include both direct holdings and the units held in pooled investment vehicles for each asset class. Figures are taken from the Custodian, Northern Trust and exclude the longevity hedging insurance contract, buy-in policy and AVC investments.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The Trustee has adopted a Scheme-specific benchmark based on the asset classes and ranges above. The Trustee employs the Northern Trust Company to provide an independent measure of the performance of the Scheme and of the individual managers. A summary of the Scheme's performance of the last five years is given below. The table shows the total returns achieved by the Scheme compared with its benchmark.

	Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme	Benchmark
	%	%
2017	+20.1	+18.4
2016	+1.7	+1.9
2015	+19.5	+18.4
2014	+3.0	+1.8
2013	+11.5	+11.4
3 year (annualised)	+13.4	+12.6
5 year (annualised)	+10.9	+10.2

Note: The numbers above have been provided by the Scheme's custodian, Northern Trust, as at 31 March 2017, excluding the longevity hedging insurance contract, buy-in policy and AVC investments.

Marketability of Investments

The Trustee considers that the majority of the assets of the Scheme, with the exception of the direct and indirect property holdings, the longevity insurance contract and certain of the alternative investments, are readily marketable. Indirect property holdings and certain of the alternatives are subject to redemption notification periods as set out in the investment managers' agreements and the realisation of direct property holdings is dependent on the level of activity in the relevant sector at the time that the properties are marketed for sale. Certain of the 'secure income' investments are held through limited partnership structures where it is likely that the assets will not be marketable during the term of the partnership, which could be as long as 30 years.

In 2012, the Scheme entered into a longevity insurance contract under which fixed premiums are exchanged for the pension benefits paid in respect of some 17,000 pensioners in the CPS benefit section and their dependants. The contract is held as an investment of the Scheme and is not marketable. If the contract was to be surrendered, a payment might be due to or from the Scheme depending on the experience of the membership covered.

Basis of Remuneration

The fees charged by both the investment and the property managers are calculated as a percentage of the assets under management. In addition, certain of the fee arrangements include a performance-related element.

Socially responsible investments

The Trustee has delegated responsibility for the selection, retention and realisation of investments to the investment managers (within certain guidelines and restrictions). The Trustee's policy is that the extent to which social, environmental or ethical considerations are taken into account in the selection, retention and realisation of investments is left to the discretion of the active investment managers.

Rights attaching to investments

The Trustee's policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attached to investments to the investment managers.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Custodial arrangements

Northern Trust acts as custodian for the majority of the Scheme's investments. The Trustee receives reports each month covering the assets held by the custodian and transactions in the month. These are monitored by the Trustee and, if appropriate, followed up with the custodian on a timely basis. The custodian is independent of the fund managers, and is an additional control on the recording of asset movements.

AVC Section

Individual accounts are also held with a range of providers for those members wishing to make additional voluntary contributions.

During the year members made additional voluntary contributions to Standard Life, Prudential Assurance and Friends Life to obtain additional benefits. Each member receives an annual statement at the year end confirming the amount held in their account and the movements in the year.

Employer related investments

Employer related investments are held indirectly through pooled investment vehicles (BlackRock Aquila Life World ex-UK Equity Fund and Legal & General RAFI AW 3000 Index Fund) and through a direct property tenancy. The value of these investments was less than 0.05% of the Scheme's Net Assets at the year end. There were no other employer related investments during the year or at the year end.

Contact for further information

Any queries or complaints about the Scheme generally should be sent to the Scheme Secretary, whose address appears on page 1. Queries relating to members own benefits or for a copy of Scheme documentation, should be sent to the Scheme's administrator:

Willis Towers Watson
Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme
PO Box 545
Redhill
Surrey
RH1 1YX

(e mail: cps.pacontact@willistowerswatson.com)

Signed for and on behalf of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme by:

Trustee Director

Date 31st October 2017

Trustee Director Dhingra, Director for

The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation p.l.c.

J.S. Olingra

71-0 C7-2017

Date

ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATE OF SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Actuary's certification of the Schedule of Contributions

Name of Scheme:

Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme

Adequacy of rates of contributions

I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 March 2015 to be met by the end of the period specified in the recovery plan dated 1 March 2016.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the statement of funding principles dated 1 March 2016.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of the adequacy for the purpose of securing the scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the scheme were to be wound up.

Gareth Oxtoby
Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Towers Watson Limited

Watson House London Road Reigate Surrey RH2 9PQ

Date 22 September 2016

TRUSTEE'S SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

This summary of contributions has been prepared by, or on behalf of, and is the responsibility of the Trustee. It sets out the employer and employee contributions payable to the Scheme under the schedules of contributions certified by the Actuary on 23 March 2016 and 22 September 2016 in respect of the Scheme year ended 31 March 2017. The Scheme auditors report on contributions payable under the schedules in their auditors' statement about contributions.

Contributions required by the schedules of contributions	£000
Employers Normal contributions Deficit funding contributions	11,535 67,256
Employees Normal contributions	101
Contributions payable under the Schedules (as reported on by the Scheme Auditor)	78,892
Other contributions	
Employees Additional voluntary contributions	434
Total contributions reported in the financial statements	79,326

Signed for and on behalf of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme by:

JWU WWW VI

Trustee Director

I.S. Dhingra, Director for

The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation p.l.c.

Date 21st October 2017

Date

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUSTEE

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

Made under Regulation 4 of The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996.

We have examined the summary of contributions payable under the Schedules of Contributions to the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme in respect of the Scheme year ended 31 March 2017 which is set out on page 12.

This statement is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with the Pensions Act 1995 and Regulations made thereunder. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's statement about contributions and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, for our work, for this statement, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Trustee and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities set out on page 4, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a Schedule of Contributions showing the rates and due dates of certain contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme. The Scheme's Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of active members of the Scheme and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions.

It is our responsibility to provide a statement about contributions paid under the Schedules of Contributions to the Scheme and to report our opinion to you.

Scope of work on statement about contributions

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the summary of contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Scheme and the timing of those payments under the Schedule of Contributions.

Statement about contributions payable under the Schedules of Contributions

In our opinion contributions for the Scheme year ended 31 March 2017 as reported in the summary of contributions and payable under the Schedule of Contributions have in all material respects been paid for the period from 1 April 2016 to 22 September 2016 at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Actuary on 23 March 2016 and subsequently at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Actuary on 22 September 2016.

Julie Radcliffe

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

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Chartered Accountants
1 Sovereign Square

Sovereign Street Leeds LS1 4DA

Date

31 October 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

We have audited the financial statements of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2017 set out on pages 15 to 34. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with the Pensions Act 1995 and Regulations made thereunder. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee Directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Scheme Trustee and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's responsibilities set out on page 4, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for supervising the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). These standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year ended 31 March 2017 and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulations 3 of, the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

Julie Radcliffe

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

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Chartered Accountants

1 Sovereign Square

Sovereign Street

Leeds LS1 4DA

Date

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FUND ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £000	Restated 2016 £000
Contributions and benefits Employer contributions Employee contributions		78,791 635	54,678 176
Total contributions	3	79,326	54,854
Benefits Transfers out Administrative expenses	4 5 6	(118,607) (14,464) (10)	(122,461) (7,621) (10)
		(133,081)	(130,092)
Net withdrawals from dealings with members		(53,755)	(75,238)
Returns on investments Investment income Change in market value of investments Investment management expenses	7 8 9	136,035 396,245 (3,166)	30,727 6,567 (1,577)
Net return on investments		529,114	35,717
Net increase/(decrease) in the fund during the year		475,359	(39, 521)
Net assets of the Scheme At 1 April 2016 as previously reported Prior period adjustments		2,932,322 -	2,921,743 50,100
At 1 April as restated		2,932,322	2,971,843
At 31 March		3,407,681	2,932,322

The notes on pages 17 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £000	Restated 2016 £000
Investment assets	8	004 004	000 242
Equities Bonds		231,091	298,343
Property	11	1,032,212 263,670	734,408 246,535
Pooled investment vehicles	12	1,921,604	1,648,083
Derivatives	13	3,686	3,472
Insurance policies	14	1,628	1,579
AVC investments	16	8,359	7,234
Cash	17	6,568	16,558
Other investment balances	18	8,006	4,358
		3,476,724	2,960,570
Investment liabilities	8		
Derivatives	13	(1,754)	(1,957)
Longevity hedging insurance contract	15	(67,800)	(25, 100)
Other investment balances	18	(4,082)	(4,097)
		(73,636)	(31, 154)
Total investments		3,403,088	2,929,416
Current assets	23	6,048	4,886
Current liabilities	24	(1,455)	(1,980)
Net assets of the Scheme at 31 March		3,407,681	2,932,322

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustee. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year. The actuarial position of the Scheme, which does take account of such obligations, is dealt with in the report on actuarial liabilities on pages 6 to 7 of the annual report and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with this report.

Signed for and on behalf of the Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme by:

Date 31st October 2017

Trustee Director I.S. Dhingra, Director for The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation p.l.c.

Date

The notes on pages 17 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1. Basis of preparation

The individual financial statements of Akzo Nobel (CPS) Pension Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (revised November 2014) ("the SORP"). The Trustee has elected to early adopt the changes proposed by the Financial Reporting Council in Amendments to FRS102 - Fair Value Hierarchy Disclosures to align the reporting standards more consistently with International Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Prior period adjustments

The Trustee has identified that a change in the basis of valuation has been required regarding the fair value measurement of the longevity swap.

The prior period adjustment is an alignment of the valuation methodology with the requirement of the SORP. The SORP requires that longevity swaps should have a nil fair value at inception if traded in the open market where there is no consideration paid or received. The SORP also refers to the use of different discount rates for each swap leg to achieve this. The previously applied method used does not do either of these.

The revised methodology gives a market consistent fair value in line with International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 13 fair value measurement principles, and aligns with the requirements set out in the SORP. The valuation methodology has been applied retrospectively in line with prior year adjustment guidance.

The prior period adjustments resulting from these changes in accounting policy increases the opening net assets as at 1 April 2015 by £50.1m, and the opening net assets as at 1 April 2016 by £48.3m, with a resulting effect on the Net return on investments of £1.8m during the year ended 31 March 2016. This represents a change in market value of £48.3m resulting from the change in the measurement basis.

The Net asset statement for the comparative period have been restated as follows:

Longevity swap	31 March 2016 as Previously stated £000 (73,400)	Adjustment £000 48,300	31 March 2016 As restated £000 (25,100)
The Fund account for the comparative period has been restated as follows: Change in market value	8,367	(1,800)	6,567

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

Currency

The Scheme's functional currency and presentational currency is pounds sterling (GBP).

All assets and liabilities stated in foreign currencies are converted into sterling rates at rates of exchange ruling at the Scheme year end date. Transactions in foreign currency are converted into sterling at the rate applicable on the date of the transaction.

Contributions

Employee contributions (normal and additional voluntary) and the associated employer contributions are accounted for in the period in which they are deducted from members' pay.

Employer deficit funding contributions and augmentations are accounted for in accordance with the agreement under which they are being paid, or on receipt if earlier, with the agreement of the Employer and the Trustee.

Transfer to and from other schemes

Individual transfers into the Scheme and group transfers received are accounted for on an accruals basis.

Transfers out of the Scheme calculated on a group basis are accounted for when completed authorities to pay have been received.

Individual transfers out are accounted for when paid or received which is normally when member liability is accepted/discharged.

Benefits

Pensions payable in respect of the Scheme are accounted for by reference to the period to which they relate. Refunds and lump sums are accounted for when the member has exercised their choice in relation to these benefits, or, where members have no choice in relation to these benefits, by reference to the date of retirement or leaving the Scheme.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses have been accounted for on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Investment income

Distributions from quoted shares are accounted for when the security is declared ex-dividend.

Income from bonds is accounted for on an accruals basis.

All investment income is stated inclusive of any related taxation recoverable.

Investment income arising from the underlying investments of the pooled investment vehicles which generate income is accounted for on an accruals basis. All other income from pooled investment vehicles is reflected in the unit price.

Interest income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Rental income is accounted for as earned, in accordance with the relevant lease.

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year.

Investment Management Expenses

Investment management expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments

Investments are included at fair value.

Listed investments are stated at the bid price or the last traded price, depending on the convention of the stock exchange on which they are quoted, at the date of the net assets statement.

Fixed interest securities are stated at their clean prices. Accrued income is accounted for within investment income.

Unquoted securities are included at fair value estimated by the Trustee based on advice from the investment manager.

Pooled investment vehicles are stated at bid price for funds with bid / offer spreads, or single price where there are no bid / offer spreads as provided by the investment manager.

Freehold and leasehold property is stated at open market value at the year end, as estimated by the Trustee on the basis of professional advice from Cluttons LLP, Chartered Surveyors who value the portfolio at each 31 December. The Trustee considers the movement in the IPD index for the last three months of the year and, if material to the financial statements, applies this movement to the valuation. No depreciation is provided on freehold or long leasehold properties.

Derivatives are stated at fair value.

Exchange traded derivatives are stated at fair value determined using market quoted prices.

For exchange traded derivative contracts which are assets, fair value is based on quoted bid prices. For exchange traded derivative contracts which are liabilities, fair value is based on quoted offer prices.

Over the counter (OTC) derivatives are stated at fair value using pricing models and relevant market data as at the year end date.

Forward foreign exchange contracts are valued by determining the gain or loss that would arise from closing out the contract at the reporting date by entering into an equal and opposite contract at that date.

All gains and losses arising on derivative contracts are reported within 'Change in Market Value'.

AVC investments are included in the Statement of net assets available for benefit at either the market or surrender value of the underlying investments as notified by each AVC provider.

The value of the bulk annuity policy issued by Aviva has been calculated by the Scheme Actuary, the valuation is on a scheme funding Technical Provisions basis, using assumptions consistent with the most recent Actuarial Valuation.

The longevity insurance contract has been valued by the Trustee based on professional advice from the Scheme Actuary. The value stated is the difference between the present values of the premiums payable under the contract and the estimated claims value, adjusted to ensure the treatment of the investment is compliant with the SORP. The longevity insurance contract covers pensioners and dependent pensioners in payment in the CPS section as at 1 August 2011.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

3.

Contributions		
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Employer contributions		
Normal	11,635	8,678
Deficit funding	67,256	46,000
	78,791	54,678
	-	
Employee contributions		
Normal	101	99
Additional voluntary contributions	434	77
		2
	535	176
	79,326	54,854

Deficit funding and other payments have been made by the employer to assist the funding of the Scheme and to augment pensions respectively. Under the Recovery Plan in force, annual deficit funding contributions of £21 million are due until 31 March 2019 plus annual deficiency contributions of £25 million which are only payable from the escrow account when certain conditions are met. A final deficiency contribution of £13 million is payable by 31 March 2020. During the year the escrow account was closed and £46 million was received by the Scheme and included in deficit funding contributions. No further amounts will be received from escrow account. The annual deficit funding contributions of £25m due by 31 January 2017 were received and accounted for early during the prior year.

Employees contribute 7% of pensionable salary for most benefit sections. Some employees have also made additional voluntary contributions to secure additional benefits. A salary sacrifice arrangement is in place meaning that participating employees no longer pay employee contributions to the Scheme and the employers pays additional contributions on their behalf.

4. Benefits

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Pensions	106,573	106,593
Commutations and retirement lump sums	11,778	15,474
Lump sum death benefits	98	321
Taxation (where lifetime or annual allowance exceeded)	158	73
	118,607	122,461
	-	

Taxation arising on benefits paid or payable is in respect of members whose benefits exceeded the lifetime or annual allowance and who elected to take lower benefits from the Scheme in exchange for the Scheme settling their tax liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

5.	Transfers out		
	Individual transfers out	2017 £000 14,464	2016 £000 7,621
6.	Administrative expenses		
	Other fees	2017 £000 10	2016 £000 10
		The state of the s	

From 1 April 2013 all administrative expenses are being paid by the Principal Employer. Other fees relate to bank charges and search fees, which are not reimbursed by the Principal Employer.

7. Investment income

2017	2016
£000	£000
7,429	8,794
8,101	8,603
8,197	7,277
111,413	4,778
140	324
404	386
351	565
136,035	30,727
	£000 7,429 8,101 8,197 111,413 140 404 351

The net income from properties above has been reduced by an amount of £3,579,000 (2016; £10,213,000) relating to property expenses deducted.

Income from pooled investment vehicles includes distributions of £106.6 million (2016: £nil) from BlackRock LDI funds. The funds are permitted to declare dividends to distribute surplus cash as a result of a significant decrease in yields in order to maintain appropriate investment exposure and re-leverage the portfolio back to the target levels.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

8. Investments

		Purchases	Sales proceeds		
	Restated	at cost and	and	Change in	
	Value as at	derivative	derivative	market	Vaiue as at
	01/04/16	payments	receipts	value	31/03/17
	000£	000£	£000	£000	£000
Equities	298,343	145,819	(259,264)	46,193	231,091
Bonds	734,408	288,280	(162,465)	171,989	1,032,212
Property	246,535	15,870	(4,500)	5,665	263,570
Pooled investment					
vehicles	1,648,083	712,338	(688,133)	249,316	1,921,604
Derivatives	1,515	56,830	(24,414)	(31,999)	1,932
Insurance policies	1,579		_	49	1,628
Longevity swaps	(25,100)	4,359		(47,059)	(67,800)
AVC investments	7,234	465	(855)	1,515	8,359
	2,912,597	1,223,961	(1,139,631)	395,669	3,392,596
Cash Other investment	16,558			576	6,568
balances	261			-	3,924
	2,929,416			396,245	3,403,088

Direct transaction costs are summarised below. Indirect transaction costs are borne by the Scheme in relation to transactions in pooled investment vehicles. However, such costs are taken into account in calculating the bid/offer spread of these investments and are not therefore separately identifiable.

Transaction costs analysed by main asset class and type of cost are as follows:

		2017			2016
	Fees	Commission	Taxes	Total	Total
	£000	£000	£000	€000	£000
Equities	430	259	_	689	570
Bonds	_	_	_	_	1
Other	479	_	_	479	723
Total 2017	909	259	_	1,168	
Total 2016	1,086	208	_		1,294

9. Investment management expenses

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Management fees	3,166	1,577

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

10. Taxation

The Scheme is a registered Pension Scheme under Chapter 2 of Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004 and is therefore exempt from income tax and capital gains tax.

11. Property

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
UK Property - direct	263,570	246,535

The Scheme owns freehold and leasehold investment properties, which have been valued individually on the basis of Fair Value, in accordance with the RICS - Professional Standards, revised in April 2015, for inclusion in financial statements prepared in accordance with UK GAAP and FRS 102. The valuation has been assessed by a RICS Registered valuer for and on behalf of Cluttons LLP Commercial Valuation, with sufficient current local and national knowledge of the particular property market involved, and with the skills and understanding to undertake the valuations competently.

The principal assumptions on which the valuations were based are that there are no encumbrances, restrictions or conditions likely to have an adverse effect upon the value of the property and where both the valuations and market rent are based on arm's length transactions. There are no legal restrictions on the realisability of these properties or on remittance of income or disposal proceeds, although the Trustee recognises it could take a number of months to achieve a disposal on favourable terms.

12. Pooled investment vehicles

The Scheme's investments in pooled investment vehicles at the year-end comprised:

2017	2016
£000	£000
510,765	460,080
943,052	901,175
286,969	208,015
44,246	24,330
25,646	10,333
110,926	44,150
1,921,604	1,648,083
	510,765 943,052 286,969 44,246 25,646 110,926

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

13. Derivatives

The trustee has authorised the use of derivatives by their investment managers as part of their investment strategy for the Scheme as explained in the Trustee's report. At the year-end the Scheme had the following derivatives:

	31 March 2017		31 March 2010	
	Assets	Assets Liabilities		Liabilities
	£000	€000	£000	£000
Futures	137	(40)	5	(17)
Swaps	545	(1,616)	2,341	(1,916)
Forward FX contracts	3,004	(98)	1,126	(24)
	3,686	(1,754)	3,472	(1,957)

The main objectives for the use of key classes of derivatives and the policies followed during the year are summarised as follows:

Futures - the Scheme holds fixed income futures to increase exposure in this particular asset class without disturbing the underlying assets.

Swaps - certain investment managers use swaps to take interest rates duration positions in a more efficient manner than by trading physical bond assets.

The notional principal of the swap is the amount used to determine the swapped receipts and payments. The Scheme paid collateral of £650,000 and £420,000, this collateral is reported within other investment balances.

Futures

The Scheme had outstanding exchange traded futures at the year end as follows:

Nature	No. of contracts	Economic exposure £000	Expires	Asset _value £000	Liability value £000
Futures Fixed Interest-UK Futures Fixed Interest-	1	7,272	3 months	73	-
Overseas	4	7,110	3 months	64	(40)
Total 2017		14,382		137	(40)
Total 2016		7,672		5	(17)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

13. Derivatives (continued)

Swaps

The Scheme had outstanding derivative swap contracts at the year end as follows:

Nature	No. of contracts	Notional amounts £000	Expires	Asset _value £000	Liability value £000
Credit default swaps	1	1,044	2019	_	(938)
Equity index swaps	1	53	2017	9	` _
Interest rate swaps	14	17	2019-2068	536	(678)
Total 2017		1,114		545	(1,616)
Total 2016		94,054		2,341	(1,916)

At the year end there were 1 credit default swaps, one equity index swap and 14 interest rate swap contracts of which 9 were in the UK and 5 were Overseas.

Forward FX contracts

The Scheme had open forward foreign exchange contracts at the year end as follows:

			No. of				
	Contract	Settlement date	contract s	Currency bought '000	Currency sold '000	Asset _value £000	Liability value £000
	OTC traded OTC traded OTC traded OTC traded OTC traded Total 2017	1 months 1 months 1 months 1-3 months 1 months	7 3 20 1 2	EUR 1,335 GBP 6,290	GBP 1,159 EUR 7,207 USD 358,171 GBP 4,013 GBP 1,283	115 2,889 - 3,004 1,126	(17) - (79) (2) (98) (24)
14.	Insurance policie	s					
	Buy-in policy					2017 £000 1,628	2016 £000 1,579

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

15. Longevity hedging insurance contract

		Restated
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Longevity hedging insurance contract	(67,800)	(25, 100)

The Trustee has entered into a longevity hedging insurance contract designed to protect the Scheme and Employer against the risk of certain members living significantly longer than expected.

The longevity hedging insurance contract is with ReAssure Limited, a subsidiary of Swiss Re, and was signed in May 2012. Under this agreement, the Scheme agrees to make a series of cash flows (the premiums) to be paid over an agreed term (sixty years from 1 August 2011) in exchange for ReAssure paying the actual pension benefits paid to the members (the claims). Under the agreement, collateral amounts are calculated on 31 December 2012 and quarterly thereafter. Under the terms of the agreement, collateral of index linked gilts of £97.1m has been pledged during the year (2016: £16.3m) and the collateral as at the year-end was £74.3m (2016: £16.6m).

The valuation of the longevity hedging insurance contract is the present value of the difference between future premiums payable from the Scheme to ReAssure (fixed) and future pension payments payable from ReAssure to the Scheme (variable depending on how long members live). The valuations use discount rates and inflation assumptions derived from the swap market. Future mortality assumptions are realistic assumptions chosen by ReAssure based on experience within the Scheme.

The prior period has been restated to align of the valuation methodology with the requirement of the SORP. The SORP requires that longevity swaps should have a nil fair value at inception if traded in the open market where there is no consideration paid or received. The SORP also refers to the use of different discount rates for each swap leg to achieve this. The previously applied method used does not do either of these.

The revised methodology gives a market consistent fair value in line with IFRS 13 principles, and aligns with the requirements set out in the SORP. The valuation methodology has been applied prospectively in line with prior year adjustment guidance.

16. AVC investments

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
The Standard Life Assurance Company: unit linked	339	388
Phoenix Life Limited: unit linked	5	18
The Equitable Life Assurance Company: unit Linked	1	1
Friends Life: unit linked	5,809	4,438
The Equitable Life Assurance Company: with Profits	813	874
The Prudential Assurance Company: unit linked	1,391	1,514
MGM Limited: unit linked	1	1
	9.250	7.024
	8,369	7,234

The Trustee hold assets invested separately from the main fund in the form of insurance policies, which secure additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions. Members participating in this arrangement each receive an annual statement confirming the amounts held on their behalf and the movements in the asset values. The aggregate amounts of AVC investments are shown above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

17. Cash

Cash assets	2017 £000	2016 £000
Cash	6,568	16,558

Included within cash balances is £333,000 (2016: £235,000) in respect of initial and variation margins arising on certain open derivative contracts at the year end.

18. Other investment balances

	2017	2016
	€000	£000
Other investment balances assets		
Amounts due from brokers	3,760	394
Accrued income	3,176	3,404
Obligation to return collateral	420	_
Cash collateral held elsewhere	660	560
	8,006	4,358
Other investment balances liabilities		
Amounts due to brokers	(921)	(560)
Deferred rental income	(3,161)	(2,997)
Obligation to return collateral		(540)
	(4,082)	(4,097)
	3,924	261

19. Fair value determination

The fair value of financial instruments has been estimated using the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

19. Fair value determination (continued)

The Scheme's investment assets and liabilities have been fair valued using the above hierarchy categories as follows:

3	At 31 March 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Equities	230,988	103	_	231,091
Bonds	1,032,212	_	_	1,032,212
Property	W-71.	_	263,570	263,570
Pooled investment vehicles	_	1,461,050	460,554	1,921,604
Derivatives	97	1,835	_	1,932
Insurance policies	_	_	1,628	1,628
Other investments	_	_	(67,800)	(67,800)
AVC investments	_	7,192	1,167	8,359
Cash	6,568	_	_	6,568
Other investment balances	6,052	(2,128)		3,924
	1,275,917	1,468,052	659,119	3,403,088
		At 31 March 2016		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	2000	£000	£000	£000
Equities	298,240	103	_	298,343
Bonds	734,408	_		734,408
Property	_	-	246,535	246,535
Pooled investment vehicles	_	1,314,948	333,135	1,648,083
Derivatives	(12)	1,527	_	1,515
Insurance policies	_	_	1,579	1,579
Other investments	-	_	(25,100)	(25, 100)
AVC investments	_	5,962	1,272	7,234
Cash	16,558	_	_	16,558
Other investment balances	1,240	(979)		261
	1,050,434	1,321,561	557,421	2,929,416

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

20. Investment risk disclosures

Investment risks

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks.

Credit risk: this is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Market risk: this comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

- Currency risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- **Interest rate risk:** this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
- Other price risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will
 fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk
 or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual
 financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in
 the market.

The Trustee determines its investment strategy after taking advice from its investment consultant. The Scheme has exposure to these risks because of the investments it makes in following the investment strategy set out below. The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, which are set taking into account the Scheme's strategic investment objectives. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Scheme's investment managers and monitored by the Trustee by regular reviews of the investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

The following table summarises the extent to which the various classes of investments are affected by financial risks:

	Credit risk	Currency	/larket risk Interest	Other	2017 Value	2016 Value
		,	rate	price	(£000s)	(£000s)
Scheme assets					(,,
Equities	*	٨	*	#	231,091	298,343
Bonds (LDI)	*	*	#	w	1,032,212	734,408
Property	٨	*	*	#	263,570	246,535
Pooled investment vehicles					<u> </u>	,
Equities	*	٨	*	#	510,765	428,504
Bonds	#	٨	#	*	501,900	472,510
Property	Λ	*	*	#	25,646	10,333
Reinsurance	٨	#	۸	#	131,295	111,199
EM Currency	#	#	#	*		31,576
Infrastructure	٨	*	Λ	*	44,246	24,330
Multi-strategy	#	٨	#	*	155,674	96,816
CLO debt	#	Λ.	#	de	103,694	100,790
Pooled bonds (LDI)	#r	*	#	*	337,458	327,875
Cash (pooled)	٨	*	*	*	110,926	44,150
Cash (incl derivatives)	٨	*	*	*	12,424	18,334
Longevity Contract	*	*	#	**	(67,800)	(25,100)
Total DB section						
investments					3,393,101	2,920,603

Note: The figures in the above table have been provided by the custodian, Northern Trust and excludes the buy-in policy and AVC investments.

In the above table, the risk noted affects the asset class "#" significantly, "^" partially or "*" hardly/ not at all.

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management, credit and market risk is set out below. This does not include the legacy insurance policies nor AVC investments as these are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Scheme.

Investment strategy

The investment objective is to maintain a portfolio of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity which will generate investment returns to meet, together with future contributions, the benefits under the trust deed and rules as they fall due.

The Trustee sets the investment strategy taking into account considerations such as the strength of the employer covenant, the long term liabilities and the funding agreed with the Employer.

Following the 2015 actuarial valuation, a new de-risking plan has been put in place. As part of this approach, the Trustee is targeting an investment return on its assets of gilts+1.7% p.a. decreasing to gilts+0.5% over a 20 year period from 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

20. Investment risk disclosures (continued)

Credit risk

The Scheme is subject to credit risk because the Scheme directly invests in government bonds, corporate bonds, property (let to tenants) and has cash balances. These investments will be subject to varying degrees of credit risk and the Scheme mitigates such risk by holding a diverse range of investments including global corporate credit, UK corporate credit, global sovereign credit, high-grade securitised credit and alternative credit.

The Scheme invests in pooled investment vehicles and is therefore directly exposed to credit risk in relation to the instruments it holds in such vehicles. The Scheme is also indirectly exposed to credit risks arising on some of the financial instruments held by the pooled investment vehicles. Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Trustee receives investment and legal advice on the appointment of new pooled investment managers and on an ongoing basis monitors any changes to the operating environment of the pooled manager. Pooled investment arrangements used by the Scheme comprise unit linked insurance contracts and authorised unit trusts.

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in the bond pooled investment vehicle which are credit unrated. This risk is mitigated by either investing in funds which hold at least investment grade credit rated investments and/or ensuring that any sub-investment grade exposure is well diversified.

The Scheme is exposed to a measure of credit risk relating to the longevity insurance contract.

Cash is held with financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated. The Trustee consider financial instruments and counterparties to be of investment grade if they are rated at BBB- or higher by Standard & Poor's or Fitch, or rated at Baa3 or higher by Moody's. For details of assets exposed to direct and indirect risk, see table on page 31 and notes 8 and 12 of the financial statements.

Currency risk

The Scheme is subject to currency risk because some of the Scheme's investments are held in overseas markets, either as segregated investments (direct exposure) or via pooled investment vehicles (indirect exposure). Direct currency exposure is mainly in the directly held equities portfolio where some 69% (2016: 52%) of the equity portfolio are securities priced in a currency other than GBP; mainly US\$ - 48% (2016: 32%) and Euro - 7% (2016: 6%) of equity portfolio. The Trustee has delegated the hedging of such risks to the investment managers through choice of suitable share class, where possible and inexpensive to do so. The Scheme is also subject to direct currency risk in its holdings of pooled investment vehicles which are not priced in GBP. As at the year-end, £385.6 million (2016: £265.9 million) of pooled investment vehicles are held in non-Sterling denominated currencies (mainly US\$ and Euro). These are not hedged.

The Scheme is also subject to indirect currency risks through its investments in pooled funds that invest in non-Sterling underlying securities/assets. The extent to which these pooled vehicles (by asset class) are subject to indirect currency risks are set out in the table on page 31. It is the responsibility of the pooled fund managers to manage the currency risks and the Trustee monitors the performance of these funds which take into account the impact of currency movements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

20. Investment risk disclosures (continued)

interest rate risk

The Scheme is subject to interest rate risk because some of the Scheme's investments are held in bonds and gift funds (either as segregated investments or through pooled vehicles), and cash. The Trustee has recently agreed to target a hedge ratio of 70% of liabilities, on a self-sufficiency basis. Under this strategy, if interest rates fall, the value of liability hedging (LDI) investments will rise to help match the increase in actuarial liabilities arising from a fall in the discount rate. Similarly, if interest rates rise, the LDI investments will fall in value, as will the actuarial liabilities because of an increase in the discount rate. At the year end the LDI portfolio represented 41% of the total investment portfolio (2016: 37%). Assets subject to interest rate risk are set out in the table on page 31 and also notes 8 and 12 of the financial statements.

Other price risk

Other price risk arises principally in relation to the Scheme's return seeking portfolio which includes directly held equities, equities held in pooled vehicles, reinsurance, and property. The Scheme manages this exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets. See the table on page 31 and notes 8 and 12 of the financial statements for amounts of those assets subject to this risk.

21. Concentration of investments

No investments amounted to more than 5% of the total net assets of the Scheme with the exception of certain pooled investment vehicles, namely the BlackRock Aquila Life World ex UK Equity Fund (6.8%) (2016: (6.53%)),UK(GOVT OF) 2.5% SNR 22/07/2065 (5.42%)(2016: nil) and the Henderson Global Invs All Stocks Credit Fund (5.15%) (2016: (5.28%)).

22. Employer related investments

Employer related investments are held through pooled investment vehicles (BlackRock Aquila Life World ex-UK Equity Fund and Legal & General RAFI AW 3000 Index Fund) and through a direct property tenancy. The value of these investments was less than 0.05% of the Scheme's Net Assets at the year end. There were no other employer related investments during the year or at the year end.

23. Current assets

	2017	2010
	€000	£000
Other debtors and prepayments	1,703	21
Cash balances	4,345	4,865
	6,048	4,886

2017

2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

24.	Current liabilities		
		2017	2016
		£000	£000
	Unpaid benefits	343	862
	PAYE payable	1,077	1,083
	Other creditors	35	35
		1,455	1,980

25. Related party transactions

From 1 April 2013, all administrative expenses of the Scheme are met by the Principal Employer. Trustee Directors were paid fees totalling £126,281 (2016; £142,000) directly by the Principal Employer during the year.

During the year, four Trustee Directors received a pension from the Scheme and three Trustee Directors were contributing members (see page 1 for details).

As set out on page 6 and referred to in note 3, deficit funding contributions have been paid out of an escrow account set up following the 2006 valuation. As at 31 March 2017 the balance in the escrow account was £nil (2016: £44,892,816) as the account was closed and the amount of £46,256,532 were transferred into the Scheme as per Schedule of Contributions dated 22 September 2016.

26. Contingent liabilities and contractual commitments

Other than the obligation to pay continuing premiums under the longevity insurance contract after the year end, the Scheme had the following contingent liabilities and contractual commitments at 31 March 2017: £nil (2016: £nil).

The Scheme has outstanding capital commitments in relation to the Macquarie Infrastructure Debt (UK Inflation Linked) Fund L.P. Commitments initially contracted were £25m with undrawn commitments at the year end of £4.2m (2016: £12.0m).

The Scheme has outstanding capital commitments in relation to Equitix Infrastructure Partnership. Commitments initially contracted were £50m with undrawn commitments at the year end of £32.6m (2016: £39.1).

The Scheme has outstanding capital commitments in relation to the Alpha Real capital Index-linked Income Fund. Commitments initially contracted were £50m with undrawn commitments at the year end of £32.0m (2016: £nil).